# 2018 BREECH FLYSTRIKE RD&E TECHNICAL UPDATE

**Breech Flystrike Risk Factors, a Review** 

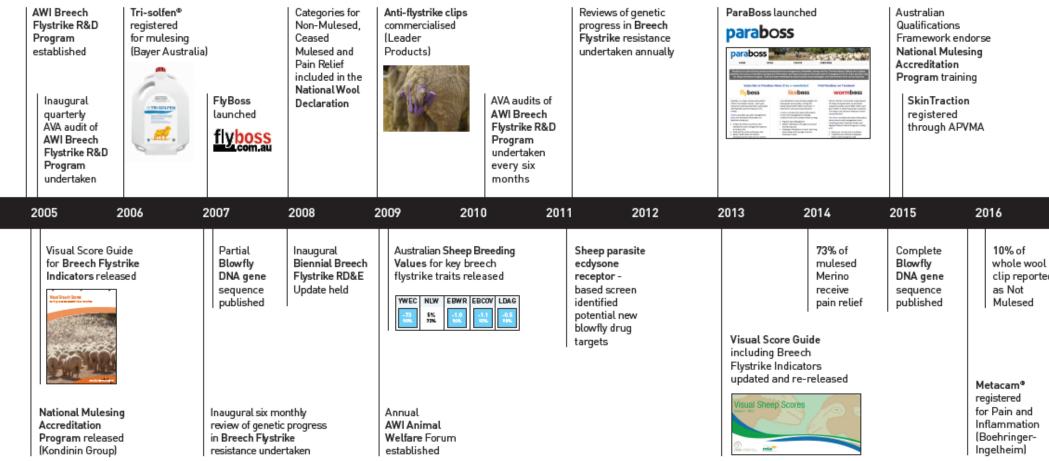
Peter James, University of Qld Alisha Anderson, CSIRO Forbes Brien, University of Adelaide 17 July 2018

# Australian Wool Innovation Limited



# Background

## TIMELINE OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS IN BREECH FLYSTRIKE R, D & E



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Key outcomes and advances in areas including pain relief, breeding for resistance, sequencing the fly genome, web based decision support systems



#### Buccalgesic<sup>®</sup> registered for mulesing (Troy Laboratories)

BUCCALGESIC FORMALLY APPROVED FOR MULESING The pair railed product Boourigents' has now been approach by the nucleater Healthing Authority (MPVIA) the matering, as well as for cashedration and child the factor

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#### 2017

Managing

Breech

Flystrike

Manual

released

updated and

#### 2018

clip reported

Planning for a Non-Mulesed Merino Enterprise Manual released





Emergence of flystrike as a problem – early 1900's

Significant body of past research.

Fly biology Flystrike pathogenesis Control methods - Breeding, fly trapping, biocontrol, mulesing, chemicals Improved management Targeting flies directly – traps, biocontrol, sterile male/compound chromosome

## New tools

Genetic technologies - pests and livestock Blowfly genome Formulation technologies Odour technologies, pheromones; kairomones

## Stocktake – where are we up to, what are the opportunities?

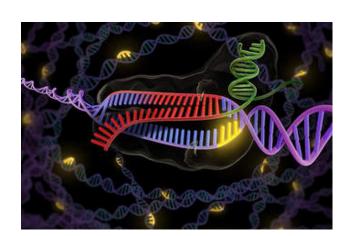
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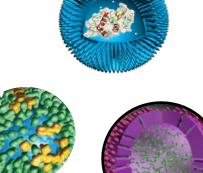
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## *Lucilia cuprina* genome unlocks parasitic fly biology to underpin future interventions

Clare A. Anstead<sup>1</sup>, Pasi K. Korhonen<sup>1</sup>, Neil D. Young<sup>1</sup>, Ross S. Hall<sup>1</sup>, Aaron R. Jex<sup>1</sup>, Shwetha C. Murali<sup>2</sup>, Daniel S.T. Hughes<sup>2</sup>, Siu F. Lee<sup>3</sup>, Trent Perry<sup>3</sup>, Andreas J. Stroehlein<sup>1</sup>, Brendan R.E. Ansell<sup>1</sup>, Bert Breugelmans<sup>1</sup>, Andreas Hofmann<sup>4</sup>, Jiaxin Qu<sup>2</sup>, Shannon Dugan<sup>2</sup>, Sandra L. Lee<sup>2</sup>, Hsu Chao<sup>2</sup>, Huyen Dinh<sup>2</sup>, Yi Han<sup>2</sup>, Harsha V. Doddapaneni<sup>2</sup>, Kim C. Worley<sup>2</sup>, Donna M. Muzny<sup>2</sup>, Panagiotis Ioannidis<sup>5</sup>, Robert M. Waterhouse<sup>5</sup>, Evgeny M. Zdobnov<sup>5</sup>, Peter J. James<sup>6</sup>, Neil H. Bagnall<sup>7</sup>, Andrew C. Kotze<sup>7</sup>, Richard A. Gibbs<sup>2</sup>, Stephen Richards<sup>2</sup>, Philip Batterham<sup>3</sup> & Robin B. Gasser<sup>1</sup>











"A significant portion of the overall variability between sheep in susceptibility to breech strike remains unexplained" (Greeff et al. 2011)





Trained dogs were able to differentiate between wool from resistant and susceptible lines.





## Susceptible $\uparrow$

## Resistant $\downarrow$



(Greeff et al. 2011)

# Understanding risk factors ovine breech flystrike

One day workshop run by Ausvet Pty Lt with parasitologists, animal production experts, geneticists and research program leaders to review risk factors for breech flystrike in Australian sheep flocks and develop a causal web for breech strike

- Catalogue risk factors
- Indicate known or biologically plausible interactions and interrelationships between risk factors
- Suggest areas of knowledge gap
- Assist the identification and prioritization of existing and potential intervention strategies
- Help inform research directions

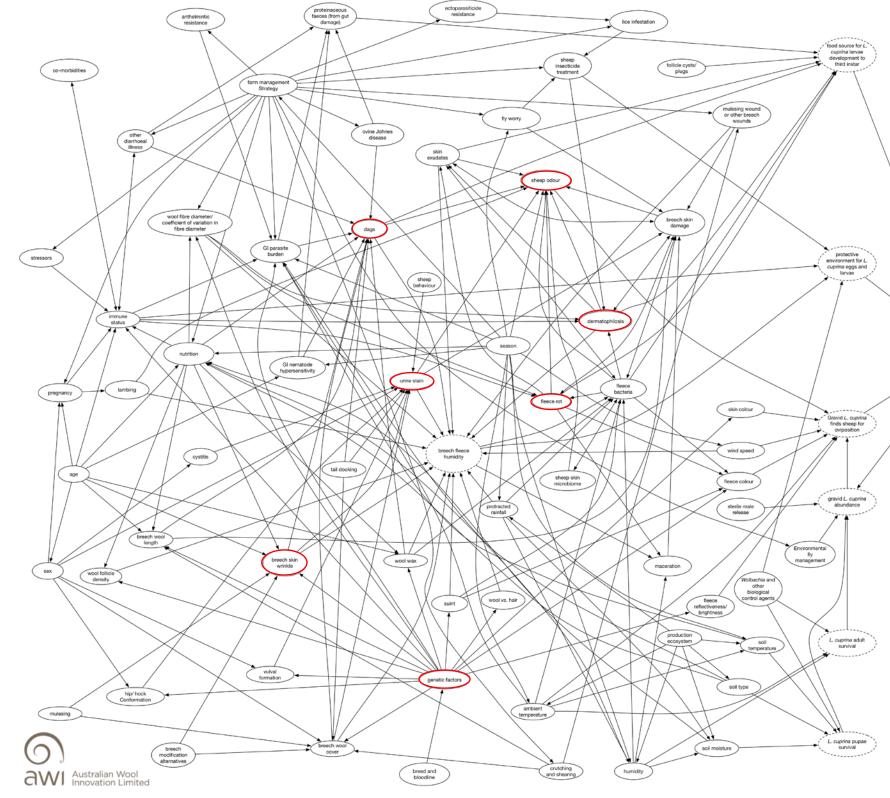


#### **Understanding Risk Factors for Ovine Breech Flystrike**

## Prepared for AWI

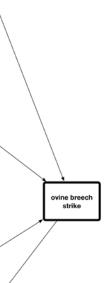
## by Ausvet March 2018 Alison Hillman and Ben Madin

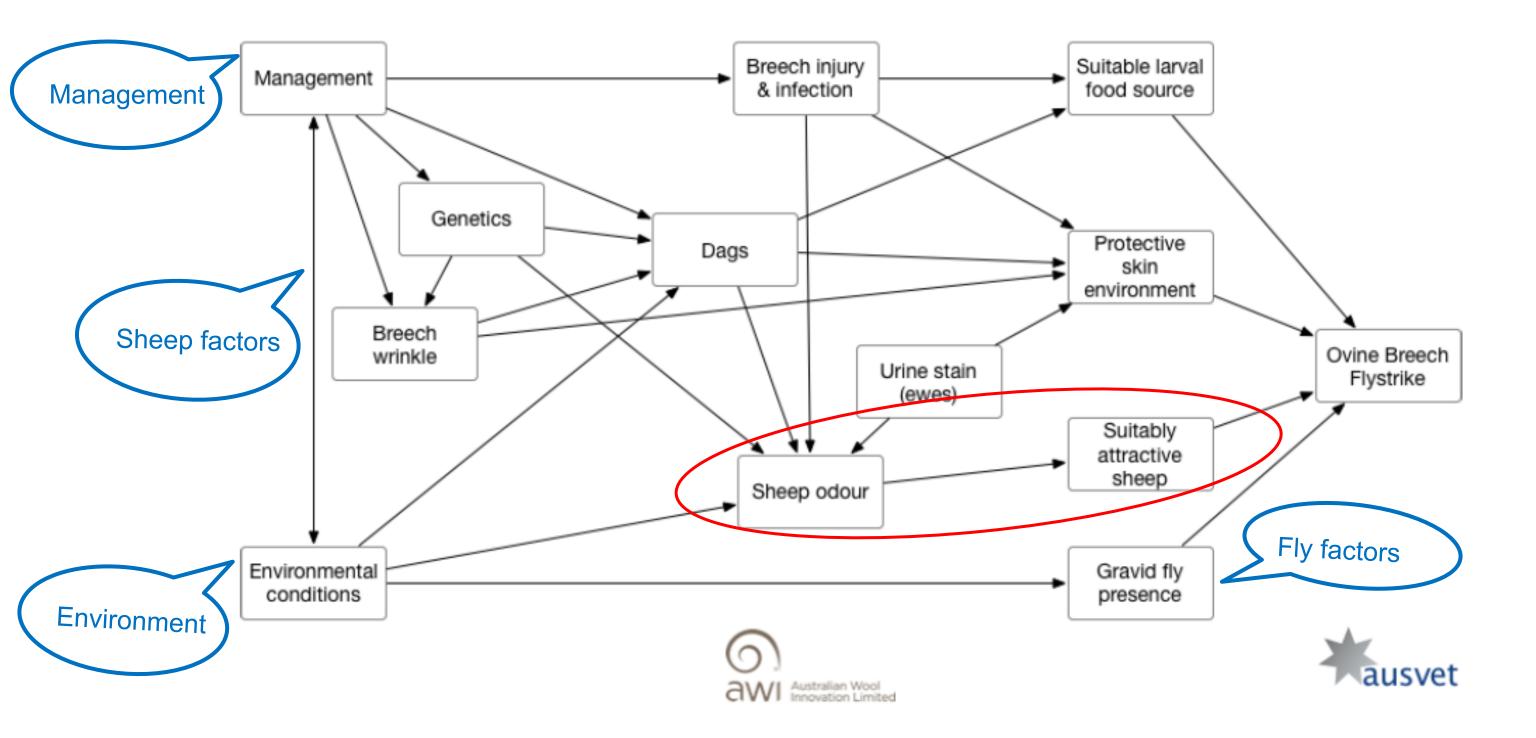
# Causal web for flystrike





## Hillman and Madin 2018





Project ON-00510: Review of flystrike risk factors with a view to new or improved means of control

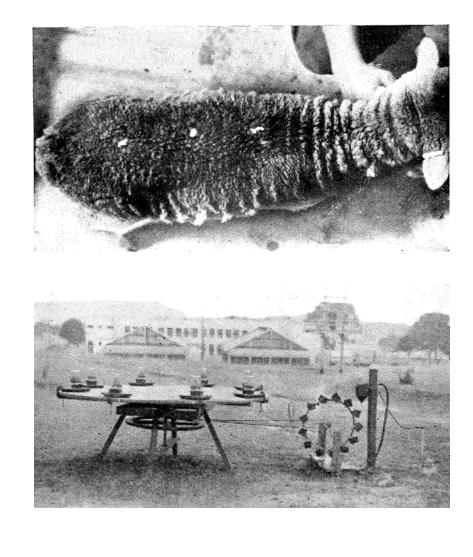
Objectives

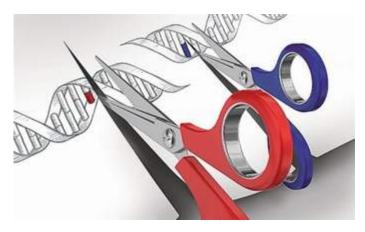
- 1. Review the Ausvet causal web to identify areas of knowledge deficit in risk factors for breech strike development.
- 2. Review current and past information on the importance of identified risk factors
- 3. Assess potential for utilising odour and other cues for the development of new controls
- 4. Recommend key areas of research towards more effective flystrike control.

"What do we know, and where are the opportunities"?











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